

AD 1526

MUGHALS into India

1526

1526
1482

44

Babur (age 44), invited by the ruler of the PUNJAB to invade India and overthrow the Delhi Sultan, IBRAHIM LODI.

Babur led 12,000 armed horsemen across the Punjab plain and won a GREAT victory at PANIPAT. The Sultan was killed in battle and Babur proceeded in triumph to Delhi.

1526

BATTLE OF MOHÁCS

Sulovics defeated the heavy cavalry of Hungarian nobility with a huge Turkish Army, whose combination of artillery fire and lightning attacks by janissaries or infantrymen proved decisive.

Buda fell weeks later
The Hungarian king died at Mohacs

Jan 15, 1526

French renounced all claims
in Italy by Treaty of Madrid

1526

From its first attempt at settlement in the future U.S. in 1526, Spain tried repeatedly to control the vast continent to the north of Mexico.

Repeating Indian attacks, French incursions, and English raids, explorers extended the Spanish sphere within the Southeast.

until English Colonies drove them
back to Florida

1526

Saint Peter's Basilica

Begun in 1526

Completed in 1626

It accommodates 50,000
people.

1526

Venezano (France) to West Indies.

1526

MOHÁCS (or Danube)

Under Süleyman the Magnificent, the Ottoman Empire reached the height of its glory. Moving into Hungary, its armies fought a battle at MOHÁCS in 1526 in which the Hungarian King died. Creating Austria's Archduke Ferdinand then took over parts of modern-day Hungary - creating the Core

of the future Austro-Hungarian
Empire - and Croatia.

1526

From Santo Domingo, a wealthy
lawyer, Lucas Vázquez de Ayllón
led the first settlement attempt
to the Carolina coast in 1526

May 22, 1526

League of COGNAC
Alliance of the Pope, France,
Rome, Milan, and Venice
Against Holy Roman Emperor
Charles V (Feb 24, 1500 - Sep 21,
1558) and the Spaniards.

1526

Lewis of Hungary and Bohemia
killed at Turkish Victory of
Mohacs. His brother-in-law
Ferdinand of Austria succeeds to
both crowns.

Baber destroys Lodi empire at
Paniput

1526

The imperial diet at Speier, in 1526 in Charles' absence decreed in effect that each prince should control the religion of his own subjects in his own territory, with the result that electoral Saxony, Hesse, Brandenburg and other principalities adopted the Lutheran principles, thus inaugurating the religious,

Division in Germany.

AUG. 29, 1526

BATTLE OF MOHÁCS

Following the capitulation to the Ottomans of the strategically important fortress of Belgrade in 1521, the rout at MOHÁCS of a Hungarian Army under King Louis II JAGELLON in only $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours precipitated the division of Hungary into three zones the Ottomans were about 60,000, Hungarians were between 25,000 & 40,000

This was the disappearance of the Hungarian

Kingdom

The ottomans directly ruled the central
part of the country

1526

Babur conquers Kingdoms of
Delhi and founds
Mughal dynasty

1526

Battle of MOHACS

Turks rout the Hungarians

1526

Ottoman Empire
death of Elyas MIZRAHI